# **General Guidelines on measuring** body temperature and using thermometer

- Compare the accuracy, suitability, convenience and price of thermometers before purchase.
- Choose a thermometer and method of measurement which suit the individual's age and health condition; consult healthcare professionals if in doubt.
- Patients with communicable diseases should use personal thermometers to avoid cross-infection.
- Familiarise with the correct use of thermometer and temperature reading by referring to the user instructions provided by manufacturer.
- Avoid activities that would distort temperature measurement (e.g. drinking hot water immediately before taking oral temperature).
- Clean and maintain the thermometer according to the procedures recommended by the user instructions.
- In case body temperature needs to be taken regularly, take the temperature at the same time of each day and use the same temperature taking method to allow comparison.
- If there is any doubt about the body temperature reading, please consult healthcare professionals.
- The tips of oral thermometer and rectal thermometer are different in shape (slender vs. round) and must not be cross-used.

# Types of thermometer and specific precautions

#### Description

### Special points to note\*

#### Liquid-in-glass Thermometer

Measures oral. rectal or armpit body temperature through the thermal expansion of ethanol/ mercury

Oral

Rectal

Thermometer should be reset by shaking the ethanol/ mercury level down below 35°C (95°F) each time before using.

As mercury spill is hazardous to environment and health, the use of mercury thermometer should be avoided as far as possible.

For details of recycling of domestic mercury-containing thermometers, please refer to the following links: https://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/ english/international conventions/ mercury/mco/recycling.html

#### **Electronic (digital) Thermometer**

Measures oral, rectal or armpit body temperature by means of thermistor with its resistance varying according to the temperature

Temperature difference among oral, rectal and armpit body temperature should be noted.



## **Infrared Thermometer**

radiation (infrared) emitted from ear and forehead to infer body temperature

Measures thermal | For ear thermometer, a new ear-probe iacket should be used for different person; the ear canal must be pulled straight when measuring.

> Forehead thermometer should only be used for screening instead of diagnostic purpose due to greater measurement error.

\* Users should read and follow the instructions in the user. manual of the thermometer because operation procedures may vary among brands



Proper use of thermometers to measure body temperature





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Thermometer can be used to check the body temperature to see whether a person has a fever. This pamphlet provides an introduction to body temperature, its measurement methods and proper use of various types of thermometer.



## **Body Temperature**

There are two ways to measure body temperature — by measuring core temperature and surface temperature.

Body temperature measurement	Meaning	Measurement taken through
Core temperature	Temperature of deep tissues	Oral cavity, ear canal, rectum
Surface temperature	Temperature of surface skin tissues	Forehead, armpit

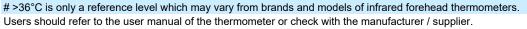
Since surface temperature is more susceptible to changes in the surroundings, it is considered less accurate and is recommended for use only when there is difficulty in measuring the core temperature.

# Comparison among different measurement methods

Measurement method		Oral	Ear	Rectal	Forehead	Armpit
Suitability						
Infants and	children below 6		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Adults and children above 6	Cooperative	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Uncooperative		✓		✓	
	Unconscious		✓	✓	✓	✓
Accuracy		⊕ ⊕ ⊕	⊕ ⊕ ⊕	⊕ ⊕ ⊕	☺	⊕ ⊕
Convenience and speed		⊕ ⊕ ⊕	© ©	☺	0000	⊕ ⊕
Reference level for fever*		> 37.5°C (99.5°F)	> 38°C (100.4°F)	> 38°C (100.4°F)	> 36°C# (96.8°F)	> 37.3°C (99.1°F)

## Measurement methods and specific precautions

Measurement method	Unsuitable conditions for the measurement method		
Oral	<ul> <li>Suffering from shortness of breath</li> <li>Sneezing repeatedly, having a hard cough or suffering a seizure</li> <li>Unconscious or confused</li> <li>Unable to close the mouth tightly</li> </ul>		
Ear	<ul> <li>Having a middle ear infection</li> <li>Obstruction of ear canal by ear wax</li> <li>Wearing hearing aid</li> </ul>		
Rectal	<ul> <li>Large amount of faeces accumulated in the rectum</li> <li>Rectal diseases, e.g. haemorrhoid or diarrhoea, etc.</li> <li>Just undergone intestinal operation</li> <li>Having wounds/ lesions in the anus</li> </ul>		
Armpit	Unable to secure thermometer under the axilla		
Forehead	Forehead being covered (e.g. by bandage/ cooling gel sheet)		





Infrared ear thermometer

thermometer

<sup>\*</sup> More information can be found in the following website: https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidance\_note\_on\_monitoring\_of\_body\_temperature.pdf